I ran through Einstein's second transformed equation in II.6 and got **almost** what he had, save that I swapped zeta and xi somewhere, as you will see. Either I made a mistake or Einstein did (give you one guess which is more likely!). Anyhow here it is.

To simplify it a little I set c=1 and dropped all the c's out, so we have

(1)
$$t = \beta(\tau + v\xi)$$
$$\tau = \beta(\xi + v\tau)$$
$$\tau = \beta(t - vx)$$
$$\xi = \beta(x - vt)$$

and, of course,

(2)
$$\begin{aligned} \eta = y \\ \zeta = z \end{aligned}$$

The equation we're transforming is

(3)
$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$$

Applying (1) to $\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau}$ we have

(4)
$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} = \beta \left[\frac{\partial Y}{\partial t} + v \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} \right]$$

Plugging (3) into (4) we obtain:

(5)
$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} = \beta \left[\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} \right]$$

Now we rewrite the partial of N by x in the Greek coordinates using the chain rule, and we rewrite the partial of Y by x in the Greek coordinates using the chain rule:

(6)
$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = \beta \left[-v \frac{\partial N}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial N}{\partial \xi} \right]$$
$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} = \beta \left[-v \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \xi} \right]$$

And we plug (6) into (5) to obtain:

(7)
$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} = \beta \left[\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} + v\beta \frac{\partial N}{\partial \tau} - \beta \frac{\partial N}{\partial \xi} - v^2 \beta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} + v\beta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \xi} \right]$$

Next we multiply through by 1/beta, and then collect all the @Y/@tau and @N/@tau terms and move them to the left:

(8)
$$\left(\frac{1}{\beta} + v^2\beta\right)\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \tau} - v\beta\frac{\partial N}{\partial \tau} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} - \beta\frac{\partial N}{\partial \xi} + v\beta\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \xi}$$

With a little fiddling we realize that

$$(9) \quad \frac{1}{\beta} + v^2 \beta = \beta$$

so, plugging (9) into (8) and rearranging a little, and replacing z with zeta, we obtain

$$\beta \frac{\partial}{\partial \tau} (Y - v N) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \zeta} - \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (N - v Y)$$

which looks great, except that we have somehow contrived to swap zeta and xi. Either there is another step which allows you to actually swap them, or I made a mistake. I didn't spot the error in the course of transcribing it from paper but that certainly doesn't prove it's not there. :-(

Anyhow this is as far as I'm going on this; it's taking far too much time! I hope it was of some value.