Iemy to English (11 July 2009):

ahart: time(when)

Time of arrival, time to eat, time

of night

ahartao: time(interval)

Quantity of time -- uses the quantity ending for numbers

ana: early ana ir̂arr: earlier

Time context. Early relative to

the current context

aofe: than aohe: thin

aote: then(time)

Time context. Relative to a time

under discussion

aoud: third aoudao: three aoutfy: thread ar: you affar: bad

Adjective or noun, as in 'a bad

thing' or 'badness'.

artyrt: make arha: with arhat: might arlia: must arnhei: less

Adjective, adverb, and

comparative

arnoute: tomorrow arseavhe: mountain arsit: mouse(any)

A mouse. Not specifically any kind of mouse. (see also 'arvli',

'isuhi', 'ufane')

art: i, me, us, we

artut: mere arvli: mouse(fat)

A fat or plump mouse. (See also

'ar̂sit')

arfat: late arfat irarr: later

Time context. Late relative to 'now' or the current context

arfey: ground, land

Material of the ground (dirt)
 The ground itself -- the thing

you walk on

3. (verb) To land on the ground, or, by extension, to land on

anything else

4. (noun) An electrical ground (which is typically an electrical connection to the ground)
5. (adjective) On the ground, or

electrically grounded

arhaart: little, small arhat: light(shiny)

EM radiation, or a thing which

glows

arn: someone arneou: long artfia: anyway

Conjunction, meaning 'anyway',

'at least', 'au moins', ...

artfy: lead

Verb 'to lead'. Noun 'leader'

artoutu: light(weight)

opposite of heavy

arv: the

Uniqueness implied

asat: all ate: tenth ateao: ten

aud: tree(any)

Any tree. An arbitrary tree. See

also 'eevlar' and 'fueeut'.

auhiat: unfortunate, unfortunately,

unluckily

aunaur: despite avhar: tail

A caudal appendage of an animal. Used as a verb figuratively, but

only rarely.

azn: second aznao: two dar: eel

> Dar has been translated as eel, but the meaning is not really

certain.

edy: need
eearheyî: blink
eefefev: banana
eehuy: bird(any)

Any bird, with no specific attributes (see also 'irrfuefun',

'orntoutar', and 'nhitvr')

eela: but, however

eelig: busy

Auxiliary for use in progressive

eemyr: book eenk: drink

Verb 'to drink'. When used as a

noun it normally means 'drinking', not 'beverage'.

eep: near, using

doing or residing with; near;

using

eet: am, are, be, is, was, were

eetjney: beyond eetyrlar: become

Change to something

eeuhat: bright eeutfyr: break

eevlar: tree(tall)

A tall tree, which may be hard to

climb, or hard to climb down

from. See also 'aud'.

efia: nasty efio: after efir: nap ehat: night ehet: ninth ehetao: nine elarar: zeroth elararao: zero

en:

Article, meaning 'none of'. Used

alone, not with the 'of' preposition, unlike English.

ene: no(response), not

none

1. 'No' in response to a question.

Not 'none'; see 'en'

2. 'Not' as a negative, used before

a verb

enhu: black enz: now

eteete: adjacent, next(to)

etor̂tu: never farark: there(near)

there, but not too far, typically in

sight

farary: there(far)

Over there, 'way over there; often

out of sight

farin: also, too

farnui: then(conditional)

Indicates conditionality on another clause. However, it's a

modal auxiliary, NOT a

conjunction.

fe: at, within

Colocated with something

feefeyne: abandon

feg: any fey: and

firirtfu: appear(slowly)

> Appear, like the Cheshire cat --'Joe appeared from around the

corner'

firt: hominid

> Noun or adjective, denoting any member of the hominid family tree. Sometimes also called 'irtuine no aznao irfaat'. Contrast

'irtar'.

foun: ago

Time context word. Refers to any

time in the past

fueeut: tree(with birds)

> A tree which has many birds in it. This also usually implies a tree that would be easy to climb. See

also 'aud'.

fyrzk: here gtfu: year

har: he, him he: in, into

hir: if huhi: iris

Iris of an eye, \*not\* the flower of

that name

hygar: idyl, idyllic

idyllic. Also the noun, idyl.

iafu: star, stars ialytea: student ianu: story, tale smell iartarar:

> Noun (odor) or verb (detect a smell -- \*not\* make a smell)

iardir: sleep iaufey: strand

'strand of rope' or similar -- NOT

'beach', NOT 'abandon'

iautaio: stretch id: see

iefou: snag iemy: snood ify: sad, sadly

ihyri: sixth ihyriao: six

ile:

sun iluou: appear(suddenly)

> Appear suddenly, pop up, loom, spring, or shoot up, as in 'Joe appeared abruptly from out of a

gorse bush'

ime: soon inart: some

Used with collective nouns, such

as water.

ineou: sing, song iohet: shine

> Shine, noun or verb; to be or make shiny, \*not\* glow.

short ionua:

iope: appear(like), appearance

Look like something -- 'it appears

green'

should iosy: iot: she ipa: since irarr: more

Adjective, adverb, and

comparative

irfaat: feet, foot, hand, paw

ir̂fu: by(caused)

Caused by, or authored by

ir̂fuasa: everywhere, partout

bird(small) ir̂fuefun:

A small bird, typically capable of

flying (see also 'eehuy')

irlirhar: pupil(eye)

The pupil of an eye (or something

which looks like the pupil of an

irvhut: do(perform) eye) 'do', as in 'what does it do'. irtla: Undetermined verb -- never the can irtuine: people, person imperative. iruneet: probe Verb or noun, as usual in Iemy isuhi: mouse(thin) when the meanings match A thin or skinny mouse -- one which has not eaten well lately. ir̂vhea: paint (See also 'arsit') irarfio: flash irfu: far it: herself, himself, itself Reflexive pronoun -- used when irharar: fil1 irhehio: finish object is the same as subject irhioeta: fishnet, mesh, net 1. Netlike material such as makes set(of) itan: up a fishnet The collection of all of a kind of 2. A fishnet thing, taken as a unit irhort: celestial fifth itartiazar: irhortao: five 1. Noun meaning 'sky' 2. Related to the sky, or in the irlu: fur Fur or hair in a mass. For sky 3. Blue color individual hairs, see ovhu. follow itea: irnararnz: center, middle irnu: fourth iti: its four irnuao: itlar: only irrtu: for Article meaning 'just' or 'only'. felid irtar: Noun or adjective, denoting any itorte: seventh member of the felid tree. itorteao: seven Sometimes also called 'irtuine no itz: sew irnuao irfaat' (but see also yrfe). ivj: say Contrast 'onaî'. ivlir: except 1. Conjunction and preposition 2. Noun or adjective, meaning irtat: celebration, fete Celebration of a particular 'exception' or 'exceptional' occasion. Also, any party. iyrg: sky irtfu: lar: fear approximately, around Noun and transitive verb, with around, near, approximately reflexive form leatu: under irtuar: closed let: iruhat: fright Article, indicating selection of

one item. Emphatically, one thing, not more than one.

Noun and transitive verb

leti: several net: first

netag azn: fourteenth netag aznao: fourteen netag net: thirteenth netag netao: thirteen

netao: one neurt: eleventh neurtao: eleven nhitvr: bird(large)

A large bird, often too heavy to

fly (see also 'eehuy')

nirte: open

no: of(member)

Member of, part of, example of,

set of, or containing

noet: without nu: or nynu: odor

Noun (odor) or verb (make a

smell; stink)

nyîlu: happen, occur ofi: had, has, have

ofuarne: harmonious, harmony

oheatu: behind ohi: his ohyt: hide

Transitive verb, reflexive verb, past participle (passive voice), or

noun 'hidden'

onart: home onart:

onary: contain, hold

Noun or verb. 'contain (vb)', or a

ship's hold.

onoîtu: hover onz: how oîbart: many

Adjective, meaning 'a lot of'. Applied to discrete (non-

collective) nouns.

or̂hikne: vision or̂ne: from

From or of, as in 'come from', 'to

be a citizen of

orntoutar: bird(fat)

A fat bird, often around the size of a pigeon but can really be any

size (see also 'eehuy')

or̂nu: before or̂tu: much, very

Adjective or adverb, meaning 'much' or 'very'. As an adjective it applies only to a collective noun

(see orbart)

ortui: toward

toward, often with respect to

motion; to (direction)

ortuut: glass(vessel)

A container for holding liquids from which one drinks (see ouarfii for the material 'glass')

osit: house otariî: help otu: her

ouarfii: glass(window)

1. The material commonly used to make windows -- silicon

dioxide 2. A window

ouarfy: glad, happy

ouarnz: glow oumy: good

Adjective, as in 'a good thing'. Also noun, meaning 'goodness'.

oun: go

Move, travel -- go home, go out,

go to the Moon

outoute: against

ouufeyt: big, expand, large, tall

ouunz: grow ouutfa: great

very VERY big, or lauded, or truly

exceptional

ouvliot: leftward ovhu: hair(strand) pa: eighth

paao: eight rteetu: over sofa: what

Used in questions (but still in VS... order) and in 'what which is whatever...' constructions where it's used in place of 'that' in similar constructions in English.

sotut: where

Question word: where do we eat,

we go where...

ssy: would su: my, our tartuout: emerge

teerj: bore(tedious)

to bore someone, to be boring (reflexive); also the noun

boredom

teuenj: enjoy tfa: eat ti: it

tian: that(far)

it's out of sight (typically)

tiat: this(here) tiav: that(near)

it's not right here but we can see

it from here (typically)

tyriha: exit

This is a noun or verb, meaning

'the exit' or 'use the exit'

tyrihia: exist, exists

Like 'eet' only more restricted

tyr̂iir̂nit: discover, expose tyr̂uk: write, written

uesu: day uev: yes

ufane: mouse(fast)

A fast mouse. Fast mice are harder to catch. (See also 'ar̂sit')

ufit: race

To run competitively. Never used

to mean 'subspecies'.

uhat: rite

'rite' or 'ceremony' -- never 'write'

(see tyr̂uk)

uhouoa: right(due)

ule: run

Run, as in move quickly

urzhiote: between utfaio: reach utitvr: network

network, web, or (sometimes) net

(the whole thing)

utouar: set(verb)

to set or fix a value (on a knob),

to 'place' or 'put' an object

utuenhit: rejoice vjtu: yesterday vli: outward

outward -- the direction

vliitu: outside

outside of; except for; aside from

vlir: on

on top of, upon (thing), falling on

(date)

vlou: auger, bore(hole)

A drill (for making holes), or a drill bit. Also, verb 'to drill'

vlout: eye

vzfyrte: awake, awaken, wakeful,

wakefully

As a verb, it's transitive. Use reflexively for intransitive form.

yfuyî: dark
yhaî: dim
yluio: through
yluir: may
ylyî: duck(v)

The verb 'to duck' as in lower one's head. Transitive or

intransitive.

yn: do(imperative)

Modal auxiliary. Used only to

form the imperative.

ype: your yîarde: clean yîenz: know

yr̂faio: catch, caught

Always transitive -- never

intransitive. See 'iefou', meaning

'snag'

yr̂fe: canid

Noun or adjective. Member of the dog family. Sometimes also called 'irtuine no irnuao irfaat', as are all warm blooded creatures except

the hominids.

yr̂fefu: duck(n)

The bird. Never the verb; see

ylyr.

yîk: which, who yîleaug: country

\*only\* a political subdivision;

otherwise use 'arfey'

yrlir: cup

yrnarne: common

yr̂nartyr̂a: collect, collection, set(noun) yr̂nhe: coin, corner, money, right(angle)

1. Corner, right angle; may refer to a right-angle turn or change in

direction

2. Either money or coin(s) (but

not bank notes)

yrniarni: cosmic, cosmos

yînirird: coffee yînutyîa: correct yîsy: could yîufira: boat, craft

yrufira yrk onortu: hovercraft

yrv: yrv

No good translation. Placed at beginning or end of a sentence to

mark it as a question.

ysurt: twelfth ysurtao: twelve yt: of(owned)

Of, as in Belonging to, Owned by

yunha: rightward

yunha no yr̂ufira: starboard

Literally, rightward of craft. Used

in boats, land vehicles, and

hovercrafts.

zb: similar(to)
zbytu: again
zfea: want
zfio: wash

Cleanse, or flood. Verb and noun.

zhyt: wide ztoute: because zvtoutey: during